

Working out pay and overtime calculations

Try it out

This part of the task gives you the chance to try out your skills and check your progress with some test-type questions from the Progress Checks at Level 2.

It also contains the answers to all the activities in Part 1 and Part 3.



Now try out your skills by doing the following two tasks.

- 1 On the wage slip below, work out the sections highlighted.
 - a) Work out the total deductions (on the left side of the wage slip).
 - **b)** Fill in the gross pay by working out the 'basic pay' and 'overtime pay'. The rate of pay for overtime is 'time and a quarter'. You will need to work out the hourly rate for this.
 - c) Work out the net pay (on the right side of the wage slip). This will be the pay Paul receives after the deductions have been taken off.

Name:	Paul A	nde	erson	Week ending: 5	5 July			
Works/dept. no:	3229			Tax code:	530L			
Gross pay to date	:	£3	3,168.00	Tax week:	12			
Tax deducted to d	ate:		£441.33					
Deductions:	£		р	Pay:			£	р
Income tax	52		80	Basic pay Hours	s: 30 at	£6.40		
National Insurance	21		12	Overtime Hours	s: 7½ at			
Other	1		80	Gross pay				
Total deductions				Deductions				
				Net pay				



- 2 On the timesheet below, work out the highlighted sections.
 - a) Work out the monthly total times (column 6) worked in each row. This will be the total of the hours from week 1 to week 4.
 - **b)** Fill in the rates of pay for the weekend hours (column 7, row 3) and bank holiday hours (column 7, row 4). The rate of pay for weekends is 'time and a quarter'. The rate of pay for bank holidays is 'time and a half'.
 - **c)** Work out the total pay for each row (column 8).
 - **d)** Work out the total gross pay you would expect after working the hours shown on the wage slip, and write it in the bottom right cell of the table.

Month: 9	Wk 1	Wk 2	Wk 3	Wk 4	Monthly totals	Rate	Total pay
Weekdays	20	20	30	20		£5.60	
Weekends	7½	15	5	10			
Bank holidays	7½	_	_	6¾			
Total:							



Questions to check on your progress

These questions are taken from the progress checks – confidence-building tests on the Move On Learner Route at www.move-on.org.uk.

(Taken from Progress Check E, Q11)

An electrician earns a basic rate of £11.20 per hour for a 35-hour week. For each hour worked over 35 hours, he earns $1\frac{1}{4}$ times the basic rate. One week he works for 40 hours.

How much does he earn?

- A. ____£392
- B. £448
- C. £462
- D. £560

(Taken from Progress Check B, Q23)

A metal cylinder weighs 4 kilograms. When filled with gas it weighs 5 kilograms.

What is the weight of the gas as a fraction of the weight of the cylinder full of gas?

- B. $\frac{1}{5}$
- c. $\frac{1}{4}$
- D. \square $\frac{4}{5}$



(Taken from Progress Check C, Q11)

The table shows the number of hours worked by employees of a company in one week.

Part-time employees work 30 hours or less. What fraction of the 120 employees is part-time?

Hours Worked (nearest hour)	Number of employees
1-10	11
11-20	6
21-30	23
31-40	72
41-50	8
41-50	8

A. $\frac{17}{120}$

B. $\frac{1}{4}$

c. $\frac{1}{3}$

 $\qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2}$

(Adapted from Progress Check E, Q11.)

An electrician earns a basic rate of £7.20 per hour for a 35-hour week. For each hour worked over 30 hours, he earns $1\frac{1}{2}$ times the basic rate.

One week he works for 40 hours. How much does he earn?

A £288

B £432

C £324

D £252





Answers to questions in Part 1

Activity 1

Number of minutes	Fraction of an hour
15 minutes	<u>1</u> 4
10 minutes	<u>1</u> 6
30 minutes	1 2

Number of minutes	Fraction of an hour
12 minutes	<u>1</u> 5
20 minutes	<u>1</u> 3
5 minutes	<u>1</u> 12

Activity 2

Fraction	Factor	Equivalent fraction
<u>10</u> 60	10	<u>1</u> 6
<u>30</u> 60	30	<u>1</u> 2
<u>15</u> 60	15	<u>1</u> 4
<u>12</u> 60	12	<u>1</u> 5
<u>5</u> 60	5	<u>1</u> 12
<u>20</u> 60	20	<u>1</u> 3
<u>45</u> 60	15	<u>3</u> 4
<u>40</u> 60	20	<u>2</u> 3



Activity 3

Minutes	Hours
150 minutes	2½ hours
240 minutes	4 hours
90 minutes	1½ hours
135 minutes	2¼ hours
165 minutes	2¾ hours

Minutes	Hours
105 minutes	1¾ hours
195 minutes	3¼ hours
270 minutes	4½ hours
300 minutes	5 hours
210 minutes	3½ hours

Activity 4

1 2½ hours at an hourly rate of pay of £5.60

2 hours at £5.60 = £11.20 ½ an hour at £5.60 = £ 2.80 + 2½ hours at £5.60 = £14.00

2 31/4 hours at an hourly rate of pay of £6.40

3 hours at £6.40 = £19.20 $\frac{1}{4}$ of an hour at £6.40 = £ 1.60 + $\frac{1}{4}$ hours at £6.40 = £20.80

3 5½ hours at an hourly rate of pay of £7.20

5 hours at £7.20 = £36.00 ½ an hour at £7.20 = £ 3.60 + 5½ hours at £5.60 = **£39.60**

4 4½ hours at an hourly rate of pay of £6.40

4 hours at £6.40 = £25.60 $\frac{3}{4}$ of an hour at £6.40 = £ 4.80 + $\frac{4}{4}$ hours at £6.40 = **£30.40**

5 71/4 hours at an hourly rate of pay of £5.60

7 hours at £5.60 = £39.20 ½ of an hour at £5.60 = £ 1.40 + $7\frac{1}{4}$ hours at £5.60 = **£40.60**



Activity 5

Fraction	Decimal
<u>1</u> 2	0.5
<u>3</u> 4	0.75
<u>1</u> 4	0.25

Fraction	Decimal
<u>1</u> 5	0.2
<u>1</u> 10	0.1

Activity 6

1 Work out the total time for each of the following by adding up the amounts of time shown in the first column.

Times taken	for individual jobs	Total time
1½ hours +	2¼ hours	3¾ hours
½ an hour +	3/4 of an hour	1¼ hours
1½ hours +	1¼ hours + ¾ of an hour	3½ hours
21/4 hours +	1½ hours + 3 hours	6¾ hours
1¾ hours +	1¾ hours	3½ hours
2½ hours +	1¼ hours + ¾ of an hour	4½ hours

2 Work out the total time worked by taking the amount of break time (column 2) off the time taken for work tasks (column 1).

Time taken for work tasks	Break time	Total time worked
4½ hours	½ an hour	4 hours
7¾ hours	½ an hour	7¼ hours
3½ hours + 4½ hours	3/4 of an hour	7¼ hours
5¼ hours + 3½ hours	½ an hour	8¼ hours
4¾ hours + 2¾ hours	3/4 of an hour	6¾ hours



Activity 7

1 a) What is the pay per hour at 'time and a half' if the normal rate is £5.80 per hour?

b) How much would you earn for six hours' work at 'time and a half'?

2 a) What is £6.40 per hour at 'time and a quarter'?

b) How much would you earn for eight hours work at 'time and a quarter'?

3 a) What is £7.20 per hour at 'time and a third'?

$$£7.20 + £2.40 = £9.60$$

b) How much would you earn for seven hours' work at 'time and a third' plus another ten hours worked at the normal hourly rate?





Answers to questions in Part 3

Try it out

1 Wage slip

Name:	Paul Anderson			Week ending: 5 July				
Works/dept. no:	3229			Tax code:	530L			
Gross pay to date:		£3,168.00		Tax week:	12			
Tax deducted to date:			441.33					
Deductions:	£		р	Pay:			£	р
Income tax	52		80	Basic pay	Hours: 30 at	£6.40	192	00
National Insurance	21		12	Overtime	Hours: 71/2 at	£8.00	60	00
Other	1		80	Gross pay			252	00
Total deductions	75		00	Deductions			75	00
				Net pay			177	00

2 Timesheet

Month: 9	Wk 1	Wk 2	Wk 3	Wk 4	Monthly totals	Rate	Total pay
Weekdays	20	20	30	20	90	£5.60	£504.00
Weekends	7½	15	5	10	371/2	£7.00	£262.50
Bank holidays	7½	_	_	6 ¾	141/4	£8.40	£119.70
Total:							





Questions to check on your progress (answers)

Progress Check E, question 11: Answer C - £462

'Time and a quarter' is £11.20 + £2.80 = £14.00 per hour

35 hours at £11.20 = £392 5 hours at £14.00 = £ $\frac{1}{10}$ + Total pay: £462

Progress Check B, question 23: Answer B – 1/5

Weight of gas is 5 kg - 4 kg = 1 kgWeight of full cylinder is 5 kg

So, the weight of gas as a fraction of full cylinder is: weight of gas = $\frac{1}{5}$ weight of full cylinder = $\frac{1}{5}$

Progress Check C, question 11: Answer C − 1/3

Number of employees who work 30 hours or less: 11 + 6 + 23 = 40 employees Total number of employees: 120 employees

So, the fraction of part-time employees is: $\underline{40} = \underline{1}$

Progress Check E, question 11 (amended): Answer C - £324

'Time and a half' will be £7.20 + £3.60 = £10.80

30 hours at £7.20 = £216 10 hours at £10.80 = £108 + Total pay: £324